The Giver’s Guide

Evangelical Council for Financial Accountability
Earning approval by ECFA, the Evangelical Council for Financial Accountability, entitles an organization to display the ECFA seal in promotional materials and appeals. The ECFA seal is tangible evidence to donors that a ministry is complying with the highest standards of Christian ethics in its governance, fundraising and financial accounting and reporting.

What is ECFA?

Founded in 1979, ECFA is comprised of over 1,400 evangelical Christian organizations, which qualify for tax-exempt, nonprofit status and receive tax-deductible contributions to support their work. ECFA’s steadfast purpose is to articulate, maintain, manifest and enforce a code of financial accountability, ethics and reporting which is consistent with enlightened and responsible Christian faith and practice.

We are so glad that we can say with utter honesty that in all our dealings we have been pure and sincere, quietly depending upon the Lord for His help, and not on our own skills.

2 Corinthians 1:12 TLB

Donor’s Bill of Rights

When you give, be sure your selected charity employs standards and policies that assure you of a “bill of rights” as a donor. You have the right to:

- Know how the funds of an organization are being spent.
- Know what the programs you support are accomplishing.
- Know that the organization complies with federal, state, and municipal laws.
- Restrict or designate your gifts to a particular project within the organization’s mission objectives.
- A timely and courteous response to your inquiries about finances and programs.
- Visit office and program sites of an organization to talk personally with the staff.
- Give cheerfully without being pressured by the organization.
- Obtain a copy of the organization’s most recent audited, reviewed, or compiled financial statements.
- Know that there is a responsible governing board providing oversight to the organization’s mission.
- Know that all appeals for funds are truthful and accurate.
Seven Standards of Responsible Stewardship

1. **Doctrinal Statement**
   Every member shall subscribe to a written statement of faith clearly affirming its commitment to the evangelical Christian faith, and shall conduct its financial and other operations in a manner which reflects those generally accepted biblical truths and practices.

2. **Board of Directors and Financial Oversight**
   Every member shall be governed by a responsible board of not less than five individuals, a majority of whom shall be independent, which shall meet at least semiannually to establish policy and review its accomplishments. The board or a committee consisting of a majority of independent members shall review the annual financial statements and maintain direct communication between the board and the independent certified public accountants.

3. **Financial Statements**
   Each member is required to submit complete and accurate financial statements as defined by ECFA policies.

4. **Use of Resources**
   Every member shall exercise the management and financial controls necessary to provide reasonable assurance that all resources are used (nationally and internationally) in conformity with applicable federal and state laws and regulations to accomplish the exempt purposes for which they are intended.

5. **Financial Disclosure**
   Every member shall provide a copy of its current financial statements upon written request and provide other disclosures as the law may require. If audited financial statements are required to comply with Standard 3, they must be disclosed under this Standard. A member must provide a report, upon written request, including financial information on any specific project for which it is soliciting gifts.

6. **Conflicts of Interest**
   Every member shall avoid conflicts of interest. Transactions with related parties may be undertaken only if all of the following are observed: 1) a material transaction is fully disclosed in the audited financial statements of the member; 2) the related party is excluded from the discussion and approval of such transaction; 3) a competitive bid or comparable valuation exists; and 4) the member’s board has acted upon and demonstrated that the transaction is in the best interest of the member.

7. **Fundraising**
   Every member organization shall comply with each of the ECFA Standards for Fundraising:

   7.1 **Truthfulness in Communication**
   All representations of fact, description of the financial condition of the member, or narrative about events must be current, complete and accurate. References to past activities or events must be appropriately dated. There must be no material omissions or exaggerations of fact or use of misleading photographs or any other communication which would tend to create a false impression or misunderstanding.

   7.2 **Communication and Donor Expectations**
   Fundraising appeals must not create unrealistic donor expectations of what a donor’s gift will actually accomplish within the limits of the member’s ministry.
7.3 Communication and Donor Intent
All statements made by the member in its fundraising appeals about the use of the gift must be honored by the member. The donor’s intent is related both to what was communicated in the appeal and to any donor instructions accompanying the gift. The member should be aware that communications made in fundraising appeals may create a legally binding restriction.

7.4 Projects Unrelated to a Ministry’s Primary Purpose
A member raising or receiving funds for programs that are not part of its present or prospective ministry, but are proper in accordance with its exempt purpose, must either treat them as restricted funds and channel them through an organization that can carry out the donor’s intent or return the funds to the donor.

7.5 Incentives and Premiums
Members making fundraising appeals which, in exchange for a contribution, offer premiums or incentives (the value of which is not insubstantial, but is significant in relation to the amount of the donation) must advise the donor of the fair market value of the premium or incentive and that the value is not deductible for tax purposes.

7.6 Financial Advice
The representative of the member, when dealing with persons regarding commitments on major estate assets, must seek to guide and advise donors so they have adequately considered the broad interests of the family and the various ministries they are currently supporting before they make final decisions. Donors should be encouraged to use the services of their attorneys, accountants, or other professional advisors.

7.7 Percentage Compensation for Fundraisers
Compensation of outside fundraising consultants or a member’s own employees based directly or indirectly on a percentage of charitable contributions raised is not allowed.

7.8 Tax-Deductible Gifts for a Named Recipient’s Personal Benefit
Tax-deductible gifts may not be used to pass money or benefits to any named individual for personal use.

7.9 Conflict of Interest on Royalties
An officer, director, or other principal of the member must not receive royalties for any product that the member uses for fundraising or promotional purposes.

7.10 Acknowledgment of Gifts-in-Kind
Property or gifts-in-kind received by a member should be acknowledged describing the property or gift accurately without a statement of the gift’s market value. It is the responsibility of the donor to determine the fair market value of the property for tax purposes. The member may be required to provide additional information for gifts of motor vehicles, boats, and airplanes.

7.11 Acting in the Interest of the Donor
A member must make every effort to avoid accepting a gift from or entering into a contract with a prospective donor which would knowingly place a hardship on the donor, or place the donor’s future well-being in jeopardy.
Good Charities
Willingly Answer Tough Questions

Before you give to any charity, ask these questions. Worthy nonprofit organizations recognize they are recipients of the public trust, and are willing and prepared to supply the answers.

- Does the organization have a clear and strong commitment to a certain mission objective?
- Is there an independent board that oversees the organization’s operations and accepts responsibility for the activities of the organization?
- Are the organization’s financial records audited, reviewed, or compiled annually by independent certified public accountants?
- Does the organization practice financial disclosure?
- Can anyone receive a copy of the organization’s most recent financial statements upon written request?
- Can donors obtain financial and other information about any program they have supported?
- How does the organization avoid conflicts of interest?
- What are the guidelines and standards for fundraising?
- Is there a review procedure to assure compliance with fundraising standards and guidelines?

For more information, call 540-535-0103 or toll-free 800-323-9473.
Visit our website: www.ECFA.org